FAMILIAL WORLDVIEW TRAITS



Hindu worldviews



KS3

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KS₁

Many people with Hindu worldviews do puja (worship) at home or in the mandir (Hindu place of worship).

Puja involves the worship of **murti (deities)**, chosen by the Hindu family. Items used in puja include:

- Bell rung to let the deity know the worshippers are ready to begin their puja.
- Incense and incense holder purify the air
- Kum Kum Powder –paste used to mark the forehead of a worshipper
- Aarti lamp lit to symbolise God's presence
- Water container and spoon offered to the gods to show respect.

Most people with Hindu worldviews believe in the atman (soul) is born and reborn in a cycle of birth and death called samsara and to leave this cycle they must achieve moksha.

Karma is a concept many people with Hindu worldviews believe in and it means that actions in life can have good, bad or neutral consequences. This impacts on samsara and can ultimately lead to moksha.

Diwali is a special time for those with Hindu worldviews and most celebrate with **diva lamps**, fireworks, food and family time.

Diwali is a celebration based on the story of **Rama and Sita** from the epic Hindu poem, the **Ramayana**. KS2

Kala is the Hindu concept of time and offers an explanation for different periods of time in world history.

Navratri is an autumn festival dance done by those following Sanatan Dharma to celebrate the goddess Durga killing a demon and the triumph of good over evil.

'Ahimsa' is a Sanskrit word that means 'non-violence' /'no injury' and it is often an important concept for those with Hindu worldviews. It is a guiding concept for life decisions, such as diet and responses to climate change.

Brahman is a creative, conscious and eternal force or energy, worshipped as one God but in many forms.

Those with Hindu worldviews often worship God in the form of the Trimurti: Brahma (Creator), Vishnu (Preserver) and Shiva (Destroyer). They might also worship murti representing these gods as other gods and goddesses (called avatars), such as Ganesha or Hanuman.

The **Bhagavad Gita** is an important story for those with Hindu worldviews and it tells the story of a great battle between cousins and an epic conversation between **Arjuna and Krishna**.

Dharma is a Hindu concept which means 'righteous path' or 'eternal duty'. The correct term for Hinduism is 'Sanatan Dharma'. It is the way to good karma, achieve moksha (liberation) and avoid punar janma (rebirth).













