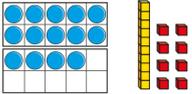
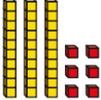
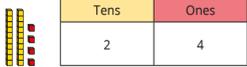
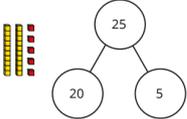
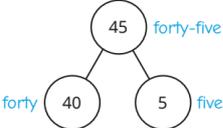
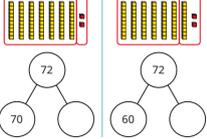
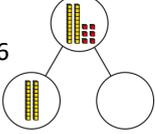
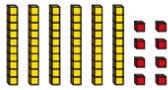
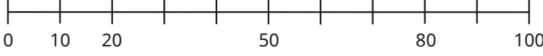
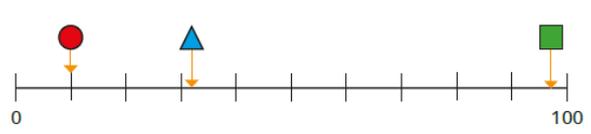
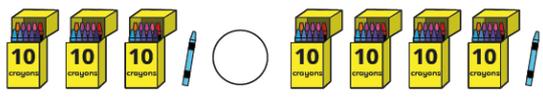
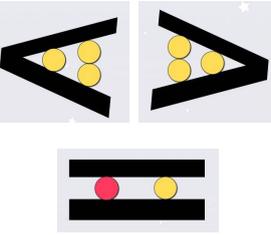
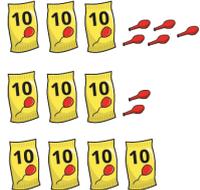
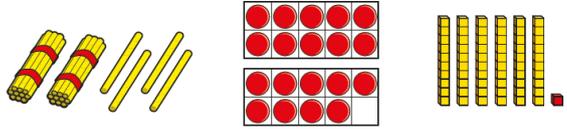
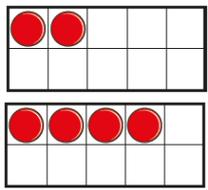
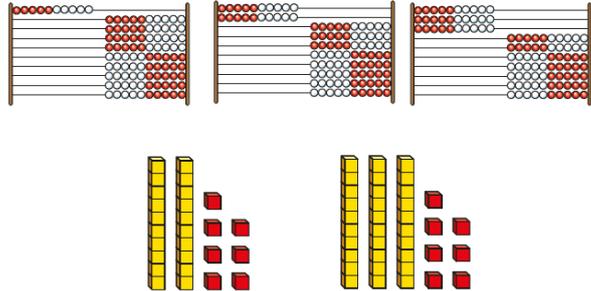
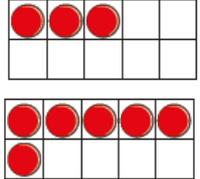
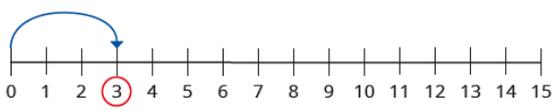


Year 2 Autumn Term Block 1 - Place Value

Step	L.I.	Vocabulary / Questions / Stem Sentences					
1	<p><u>Numbers to 20</u></p> <p>L.I. To read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words (Y1)</p>	<p>How many are there? How do you write ___ in words? How do you write ___ in numerals?</p>	<p>There is 1 ten and ___ ones. The number is ____</p> <p>The number after ___ is ____</p> <p>The number before ___ is ____</p> 				
2	<p><u>Numbers to 100</u></p> <p>L.I. to count objects to 100 by making 10s.</p>	<p>How did you count them? How many are in each group? How many extra are there? How many are there in total?</p>	<p>There are ___ groups of 10 and ___ more ___ is made up of ___ tens and ___ ones.</p> 				
3	<p>L.I. To recognise tens and ones</p> 	<p>What does each piece represent? Where can you see the ten? Do you need to count each one individually? How many are there in each box?</p>	<p>There are ___ groups of 10 and ___ more. There are in ___ total.</p> 				
4	<p>L.I. To use a place value chart</p> 	<p>How does the place value chart show the number? What does the digit ___ represent? What do you do if there are no ones?</p>	<p>There are ___ tens and ___ ones. The number is ____.</p> <p>___ is made up of ___ tens and ___ ones.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">T</td> <td style="text-align: center;">O</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">7</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> </tr> </table>	T	O	7	2
T	O						
7	2						
5	<p>L.I. To partition numbers to 100</p> 	<p>What is the number? What is the whole? What are the parts? Does it matter which way round you draw the parts?</p>	<p>There are ___ tens and ___ ones. The number is ____. ___ is a part and ___ is a part. The whole is ____.</p>				
6	<p>L.I. To write numbers to 100 in words</p> 	<p>How many tens are there? How do you write that in words? How many ones are there? How do you write that in words? How do you write in words? How do you write in numerals?</p>	<p>There are ___ tens. In words, this is ____</p> <p>There are ___ ones. In words, this is ____</p> <p>In words ___ is ____.</p>				
7	<p>L.I. To flexibly partition numbers to 100</p> 	<p>How many straws are there in each bundle? If you unbundle one lot of 10, how many tens are there now? How many ones? How else can you partition the number?</p>	<p>There are ____ tens and ____ ones. The number is ____</p> <p>____ can be partitioned into ____ and ____.</p>				
8	<p>Write numbers to 100 in expanded</p> <p>$26 = 20 + 6$</p> 	<p>How many tens are there in ___? How many ones are there in ___? How do you write that as a number sentence? What number is equal to ___?</p>	<p>___ is equal to ___ plus ____.</p>  <p>$68 = 6 \text{ tens} + \text{___ ones}$</p> <p>$68 = 60 + \text{___}$</p>				
9	<p><u>Number lines</u></p> <p>T.I. To recognise and place 10s on the number line to 100</p>	<p>What is the value at the start point? What is the value at the end point? How many intervals are there? What is the number line counting up in? How do you know? Where would be on the number line? How do you know? What number is the arrow pointing to? How do you know?</p>	<p>The start point is ____ and the end point is ____</p> <p>There are ____ intervals on the number line.</p> <p>Each interval is worth ____</p> <p>The number line is counting up in ____s.</p> 				
10	<p>L.I. To recognise and place 10s and 1s on the number line to 100</p>	<p>What is the number line counting up in? How do you know? Where would be on the number line? How do you know? What number is the arrow pointing to? How do you know?</p>	<p>Each interval is worth ____</p> <p>The number line is counting up in ____s.</p> 				

Year 2 Autumn Term Block 1 - Place Value

Step	Year 2 Autumn Term Block 1 - Place Value	
	L.I.	Vocabulary / Questions / Stem Sentences
11	<p><u>Number lines</u></p> <p>L.I. To estimate numbers on a number line</p>	<p>What number is halfway between ___ and ___?</p> <p>Which multiple of 10 is ___ closer to?</p> <p>Why can you only estimate the position of on the number line?</p> <p>___ is closer to ___ than to ___.</p> 
12	<p><u>Compare and Order</u></p> <p>L.I. To compare objects</p> <p>Sam </p> <p>Ben </p>	<p>How can you arrange the objects to make them easy to compare?</p> <p>How did you count the objects?</p> <p>Do groups of 10 help you to compare? Why?</p> <p>Which shows more? How do you know?</p> <p>There are ___ objects in set A than in set B.</p> <p>Tom has ___ objects. Kim has ___ objects.</p> <p>Tom has ___ objects than Kim.</p> <p>Kim has ___ objects than Tom.</p> 
13	<p>L.I. To compare numbers</p> 	<p>Can you show your answers by drawing a picture?</p> <p>Is there more than one answer?</p> <p>How does a number line help you to compare numbers?</p> <p>Do you need to work out the number sentences to decide which is greater/smaller?</p> <p>___ is greater ___ than because ...</p> <p>___ is less than ___ because ...</p> <p>less than greater than</p> <p>equal to</p>
14	<p>L.I. To order objects and numbers</p> 	<p>How does the number line help you order the numbers?</p> <p>How does base 10 show that your order is correct?</p> <p>How do you know which picture shows the smallest/greatest number?</p> <p>Did you look at the tens or ones to help you order?</p> <p>___ is greater than ___ because ...</p> <p>___ is less than ___ because ...</p> 
15	<p><u>Skip Counting</u></p> <p>L.I. To count in 2s, 5s and 10s</p> 	<p>How many do you need to count on each time? How do you know?</p> <p>When counting forwards / backwards, do the numbers get greater or smaller?</p> <p>Do you notice any patterns?</p> <p>What happens to the ones digit when counting in 10s?</p> <p>What do you notice about the numbers when you are counting in 5s?</p> <p>What do you notice about the numbers when you are counting in 2s?</p> <p>When counting forwards/backwards in 2s/5s/10s, the number after ___ is ___.</p> 
16	<p>L.I. to count in 3s</p> 	<p>What do you notice about the numbers when you are counting in 3s?</p> <p>What is different about counting in 3s and counting in 2s, 5s and 10s?</p> <p>How many jumps do you need to draw on the number line each time?</p> <p>How do you know?</p> <p>When counting forwards/backwards in 3s, the number after ___ is ___.</p> 
	End of block assessment	